

What is claimed is:

1. A method for forming gate electrodes of a semiconductor device, the method comprising:

forming a gate insulation layer over a semiconductor wafer; forming a conductive layer over the gate insulation layer; forming a low-dielectric layer over the conductive layer;

forming a photoresist pattern whose width is equal to the exposure limit on the low-dielectric layer:

patterning the low-dielectric layer using the photoresist pattern as a mask; removing the photoresist pattern;

shrinking the low-dielectric pattern; and

forming gate electrodes by patterning the conductive layer and the gate insulation ayer using the shrunken low-dielectric pattern as a mask.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the low-dielectric layer is formed of an organic spin-on-glass layer or inorganic spin-on-glass layer.

3. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein forming the low-dielectric layer comprises:

depositing a low-dielectric layer over the conductive layer for the gate electrodes; and

soft-baking the low-dielectric layer at a predetermined temperature.

- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein shrinking the low-dielectric pattern includes curing the low-dielectric pattern at a temperature of 400-500°C.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein removing the photoresist pattern and shrinking the low-dielectric pattern are performed at the same time.

and

6. A method for forming fine patterns of a semiconductor device, the method comprising:

forming a material/layer over a semiconductor wafer;

forming a low-dielectric layer over the material layer;

forming a photofesist pattern whose width-is equal to the exposure limit on the low-dielectric layer;

patterning the low-dielectric layer using the photoresist pattern as a mask; removing the photoresist pattern;

shrinking the low-dielectric pattern; and

forming the fine patterns by patterning the material layer using the shrunken low-dielectric pattern as a mask.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein the low-dielectric layer is formed of an organic spin-on-glass layer or inorganic spin-on-glass layer.

8. The method of claim 6 or 7, wherein forming the low-dielectric layer comprises:

depositing a low-dielectric layer over the material layer for the fine patterns;

soft-baking the low-dielectric layer at a predetermined temperature.

- 9. The method of claim 6, wherein shrinking the low-dielectric pattern further includes curing the low-dielectric pattern at a temperature of 400-500°C.
- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein removing the photoresist pattern and shrinking the low-dielectric pattern are performed at the same time.

(1d & B3)